



RI-RTF

Form for Determining and Classifying Support and Assistance Services

Sections
Support and Assistance Services Required from a Resource
and
Form for specifying and Classifying Specific Support or
Assistance Services

Preliminary Document for Training Purposes

September 2011

CURRENT SITUATION AND LEGAL FRAMEWORK:

The *Act respecting health services and social services* (AHSSS) (Section 303) requires that services provided by intermediate or family-type resources be classified according to the level of support or assistance users need.

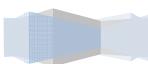
Up until now, two separate classifications with distinct classification forms existed for intermediate and family-type resources.

After implementation and analysis of the *Act respecting the representation of family-type resources and certain intermediate resources and the negotiation process for their group agreements*, ministerial policies now support using a single, simplified classification form for intermediate and family-type resources, based mainly on the extent of services they must provide the users entrusted to them by a public institution.

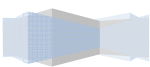
PURPOSE OF FORM

The form is designed to determine what services the resource is required to provide to meet user needs. In order to do this, it is necessary to

1. determine the support and assistance services all resources are required to provide to all users;
2. determine the support and assistance services specific to each user and, in conjunction with the resource, specify them if necessary; and
3. classify these services based on the level of the services the resource is required to provide.



SUPPORT AND ASSISTANCE SERVICES REQUIRED FROM A RESOURCE

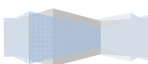


DETERMINING REQUIRED SUPPORT AND ASSISTANCE SERVICES

LEVEL 1

These are basic services most resources must provide to all types of user. Exceptions include resources such as structured apartments, whose services are classified in LEVEL 2. These basic services include the following:

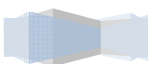
- ❖ Maintaining the living environment
- ❖ Providing a comfortable and safe environment
- ❖ Preparing and serving meals
- ❖ Taking care of clothing
- ❖ Making necessary purchases for user
- ❖ Ensuring adequate user hygiene
- ❖ Managing user assets and belongings
- ❖ Supporting and assisting user in daily activities
- ❖ Creating a respectful living environment
- ❖ Promoting user access to activities organized by the resource or the community
- ❖ Managing all required health and psychosocial services
- ❖ Protecting user from abuse
- ❖ Ensuring good staff availability and interaction with user
- ❖ Helping user integrate into the resource and their social environment
- ❖ Cooperating with user care partners
- ❖ Helping identify and provide user-specific support and assistance services
- ❖ Helping user maintain ties with family and significant people in his life



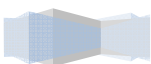
DETERMINING SUPPORT AND ASSISTANCE SERVICES NORMALLY REQUIRED FROM STRUCTURED APARTMENT- OR ROOMING HOUSE-TYPE RESOURCES

LEVEL 2

- ❖ Providing a safe, clean, functional apartment
- ❖ Ensuring that user's daily domestic activities are carried out
- ❖ Ensuring that user's daily living activities are carried out
- ❖ Ensuring user maintain a healthy lifestyle
- ❖ Managing user assets (if necessary)
- ❖ Managing all health and psychosocial services required by user
- ❖ Protecting user from abuse
- ❖ Ensuring staff availability at all times
- ❖ Cooperating with user care partners
- ❖ Helping identify and provide user-specific support and assistance services

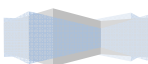


FORM FOR SPECIFYING AND CLASSIFYING SUPPORT AND ASSISTANCE SERVICES



INSTRUCTIONS

- ❖ The referring institution first evaluates the user's condition and level of functioning using its usual evaluation tools before completing the Form for Specifying and Classifying Support and Assistance Services. The resource follows the main thrust of the case management plan to specify the activities the resource must carry out with respect to the user.
- ❖ The form must be completed no later than 30 days after the arrival of a new user at the resource, or 60 days, if necessary, for user subject to the *Youth Protection Act*.
- ❖ The caseworker responsible for completing the form must know the user well, or if not, complete it with the help of a caseworker who does.
- ❖ The referring institution is responsible for determining the support and assistance services specific to the user's condition. These services are required by the user.
- ❖ The caseworker, in conjunction with the resource, indicates on the form the activities the resource must provide for each descriptor. More than one activity per descriptor may be required to meet the user's needs.
- ❖ In cooperation with the resource and where necessary, the caseworker provides details on the activity in the box provided, in accordance with the user's best interest and state of health and well-being, as well as applicable laws, regulations, procedures, protocols, and other care rules. The referring institution provides the resource with relevant excerpts of the procedures, protocols, and other required care rules, as necessary. It ensures that the resource has all the information, documentation, and training required to provide a service. The form must be updated when a change in the user's condition affects the activities the resource is required to provide.
- ❖ The form must be updated at least once a year or more often if required. It must be updated at least every 6 months for user 2 years of age and younger.
- ❖ The referring institution is responsible for entering the completed form into the computer system on time. All descriptors must have at least one activity checked and, when necessary, the box describing the activity in detail must be filled out.
- ❖ Once the data has been entered, the form must be submitted to the resource, duly completed and signed by the designated person at the referring institution. The total number of points and the level of service must appear on that copy.

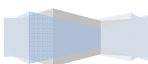


GLOSSARY OF SUPPORT AND ASSISTANCE SERVICES

Service: A verbal or physical action in a given situation to support and assist a user. It comprises a set of activities whose characteristics must be suited to the user's specific situation.

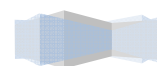
BASIC ACTIVITIES

Adapt (or adaptation)	Adjust or modify the environment to meet user's needs.
Assist	Help user to do something, assist them in carrying out work or a task, help him make good choices.
Ensure	Guarantee, supply, make sure.
Advise	Guide user with advice. Help them find their own solutions.
Distribute medication	Give medication prepared by an authorized professional to user who can administer it himself.
Structure	Guide, direct, structure, and limit user. Create a living environment with clear limits. Establish boundaries and rules.
Encourage	Promote in specific ways. Raise user's spirits. Boost user confidence.
Promote	Act for the good of user. Help develop a skill or ability. Help user achieve. Have the user's interests at heart.
Observe	Consider carefully. Examine by watching.
Prevent	Take measures to avoid negative situations for user. Make sure in advance that user has what he needs to meet his needs. Inform ahead of time.
Remind/Return	Remind user to carry out certain actions. Return user to a certain state or frame of mind.
Reassure	Give user a sense of security removes fear and anxiety. Secure. Calm. Take a level-headed, neutral, understanding attitude when user becomes emotional.
Sensitize	Make user receptive to something. Make user aware of certain situations. Make user more sensitive to feelings and perceptions. Make user more sensitive to others.
Stimulate	Boost user's level of activity and energy. Motivate him. Encourage user to adopt appropriate behavior, attitudes, and expressions, and to carry out actions expected of him.
Supervise	Observe user's behavior or an activity carefully in order to intervene if necessary.
Check	Make sure something is correct. Watch user to make sure he is doing what is expected of him.



HIGHER LEVEL ACTIVITIES

Accompany	Go or do with user.
Administer medication	Involves a certain level of control and assistance in taking medication. Medication is administered when user is not able to take it himself due to a physical or behavioral disability, or cognitive deficiency.
Initiate	Initiate an action.
Teach	<p>Help user learn or relearn</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - information, - attitudes, - behaviors, <p>He needs to behave properly and teach him how to use this information or learn these behaviors.</p>
Control	Intervene with authority to stop or provoke a behavior. Intervene positively, firmly, fairly, neutrally, and appropriately for user.
Activity with a user with a difficulty	Activity to deal with obstacles encountered due to user disabilities related to the descriptors. A disability may be sensory (visual, auditory), medical (physical or psychiatric), or related to cognitive and behavioral disorders.
Activity with a user at risk	Activity involving increased, direct structuring to prevent user from having an accident.
Invasive care	Care or exploration that goes beyond physiological barriers or is carried out in an artificial opening in the human body, or that causes a more than superficial lesion on the body.
Noninvasive care	Care that does not go beyond physiological barriers or risk harming the user.
Substitute	Perform actions on behalf of user.
Special technique	Complex technique requiring knowledge, skills, and expertise to be carried out safely.



Classification Form

Identification of User

User's last name and first name: _____ User file number: _____
Date of birth: _____ Sex: F M
Program/Department: _____

Identification of Resource

Name of resource: _____ Resource code: _____
Name of director: _____
Address: _____
Telephone number: _____

Identification of Public Institution

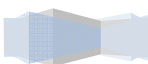
Caseworker: _____
Institution: _____
Telephone number: _____
Signature: _____

Classification

Total of highest ratings: _____
Level of service: _____
Date of classification : _____

Date and signature

Date form was submitted to resource: _____
Signature of designated person: _____

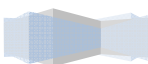


DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITIES BY DESCRIPTOR

Eating
Eating properly, without choking or health risk
N.B.: the descriptor includes both meals and snacks

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Assist, structure, remind, stimulate, supervise	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Feed a baby	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Teach a child to eat	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Feed or help a user presenting a risk or difficulty	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7.	Teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to eat	<input type="checkbox"/>	
8.	Initiate eating in a user presenting a risk or difficulty	<input type="checkbox"/>	
9.	Feed user requiring a special technique	<input type="checkbox"/>	
10.	Provide invasive care (tube feeding)	<input type="checkbox"/>	
11.	Control eating of user presenting a risk or difficulty	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Details:

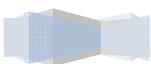


Dressing

Choosing appropriate clothing. Dressing and undressing correctly. Same for orthoses and prosthetics, if applicable.

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Assist, structure, stimulate, supervise and check	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Dress and undress a baby	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Teach a child to dress and undress	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Dress, undress or help a user presenting a risk or difficulty	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7.	Teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to dress and undress	<input type="checkbox"/>	
8.	Initiate dressing in a user presenting a risk or difficulty	<input type="checkbox"/>	
9.	Dress and undress a user requiring a special technique.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	

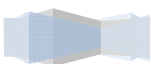
Details:



Hygiene
Washing (body, hair) correctly

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1. No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
2. Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
3. Assist, structure, prevent, remind, stimulate, supervise, check.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
4. Wash a baby	<input type="checkbox"/>		
5. Teach a child to wash	<input type="checkbox"/>		
6. Wash a user presenting a risk or difficulty or help with the task.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		
7. Teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to wash.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		
8. Initiate washing in a user presenting a risk or difficulty.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		
9. Wash a user requiring a special technique.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		

Details:



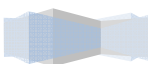
Hygiene (cont'd)

Personal Grooming

Examples: washing hands and face, carrying out daily activities (brushing teeth, combing hair, shaving, etc.) and periodic activities (taking care of nails, menstrual hygiene, etc.).

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Assist, structure, prevent, remind, stimulate, supervise, check.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Do personal grooming for a baby.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Teach a child how to do his or her own personal grooming	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Groom a user presenting a risk or difficulty or help in the task.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7.	Teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to do own personal grooming.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	
8.	Initiate grooming in a user presenting a risk or difficulty.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	
9.	Groom a user using a special technique	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Details:



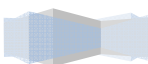
Elimination

Carry out all activities associated with this function

Examples: getting to the toilet, undressing, using the toilet and toilet paper, flushing the toilet, dressing, washing hands

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Structure, prevent, remind, supervise	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Change a baby's diaper	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Potty train a child	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Help a user with activities associated with using the toilet	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7.	Change a user's incontinence diaper	<input type="checkbox"/>	
8.	Potty train a user presenting a risk or difficulty	<input type="checkbox"/>	
9.	Help a user with elimination using a special technique	<input type="checkbox"/>	
10.	Use invasive techniques associated with elimination	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Details:

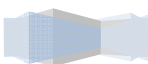


Mobility (transfers)

Having enough mobility to transfer to bath, chair, bed, or toilet

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Structure, remind, stimulate, supervise.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Transfer a baby	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Help a user presenting a risk or difficulty to transfer.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Transfer a user presenting a risk or difficulty	<input type="checkbox"/>	

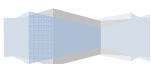
Details:



Mobility (moving around)
Moving around in the resource safely

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1. No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
2. Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
3. Structure, remind, stimulate, supervise.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
4. Teach a child to walk.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		
5. Help a user presenting a risk or difficulty when moving around	<input type="checkbox"/>		
6. Teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to move around	<input type="checkbox"/>		

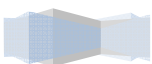
Details:



Mobility (stairs)
Going up and down stairs safely

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Structure, remind, stimulate, supervise.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Teach a child to go up and down stairs	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Help a user presenting a risk or difficulty when going up and down stairs	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Details:



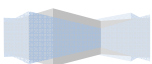
Conduct (impulses)

Controlling Impulses

Examples: excessive agitation, physical aggression, sexual aggression, verbal aggression, hyperactivity, inappropriate sexual behavior, compulsion, rages, disturbance, intrusive wandering, low tolerance of frustration, running away, impulsiveness, irritability, acting out, uncontrolled alcohol or drug use, excessive gaming or Internet use, vandalism, theft

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Assist, advise, structure, prevent, remind, supervise	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Teach a user to manage impulsiveness	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Ensure a safe environment.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Help or teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to control impulsiveness	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7.	Control user misconduct	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Details:



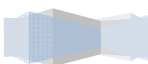
Conduct (emotions)

Controlling Emotions

Examples: mood alterations, perceived threats, apprehension, sleep disorders, excessive exuberance or sadness, extreme fatigue or anxiety, hypersensitivity, emotional lability, lack of interest, mutism, obsession, fear, withdrawal, somatization, excessive talking.

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Assist, advise, structure, encourage, prevent, remind, reassure, supervise.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Encourage a user to try various types of activities	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
5.	Teach a user to manage emotions	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Help or teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to control emotions	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7.	Control a user's emotional disorders	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Details:

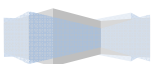


Conduct (relational capacity)

Examples: lack of boundaries, asocial behavior, cruelty, stubbornness, invasiveness, hostility, hyper-sexualization, inability to adapt to others, inhibition, intimidation, isolation, bad company, inability to follow rules, opposition, provocation, socialization disorder, vulnerability.

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Assist, advise, structure, prevent, remind, sensitize	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Promote socialization	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
5.	Teach a user to develop better social and problem-solving skills	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Help or teach a use presenting a risk or difficulty to develop better social and problem-solving skills	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7.	Control a user's relational disorders	<input type="checkbox"/>	

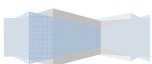
Details:



Conduct (self-destructive behavior)
Examples: self mutilation, suicidal ideas or actions, eating disorders

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1. No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
2. Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
3. Assist, ensure, advise, structure, observe, supervise.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
4. Be attentive and vigilant with regard to user's self-destructive behaviors	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
5. Make the user's environment safe	<input type="checkbox"/>		
6. Teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to control self-destructive behavior	<input type="checkbox"/>		
7. Control a user's self-destructive behavior	<input type="checkbox"/>		

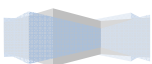
Details:



Integration
Attending and persisting in integration activities (school, work, etc.)

	ACTIVITIES	<input type="checkbox"/>	RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Assist, advise, structure, encourage, promote, stimulate, supervise.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Teach a user to carry out activities related to school, work, etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Help or teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to carry out activities related to school, work, etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Structure user's attendance at school, work, etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Details:



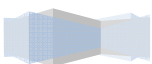
Independent Living

Achieving or maintaining autonomy with respect to household tasks

Examples: laundry, housekeeping, food shopping, budget management, transportation, meal preparation, communication, etc.

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation that user has correctly carried out household tasks.	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Assist, advise, structure, promote, remind, stimulate, supervise, check	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Help a user with daily household tasks	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Teach a user to carry out household tasks	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Help or teach a user presenting a risk or difficulty to carry out household tasks	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Details:

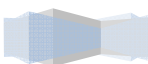


Physical Problems

Health problems, physical or sensory disability requiring special care and services from healthcare professionals

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1.	No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
2.	Quick check with or without adaptation that medication has been taken.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
3.	Quick check with or without adaptation that user have done the exercises or used the methods recommended by a healthcare professional	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
4.	Help, observe, remind, stimulate, supervise	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
5.	Distribute medication	<input type="checkbox"/>	B
6.	Carry out noninvasive care activities of daily living	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7.	Administer prescribed medication	<input type="checkbox"/>	
8.	Administer medication requiring structureing	<input type="checkbox"/>	
9.	Help a user presenting a risk or difficulty do exercises or use methods recommended by a healthcare professional	<input type="checkbox"/>	
10.	Use invasive care techniques related to breathing	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Details:



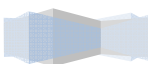
Appointments

Accompany user to his psychosocial, family, school, work, and other appointments, to appointments with healthcare professionals, and outside activities.

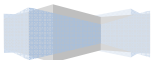
N.B.: Plan 3 hours per appointment

	ACTIVITIES		RATING
1. No intervention	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
2. Quick check with or without adaptation.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
3. Assist, structure, encourage, promote, remind	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
4. Accompany a user to appointments less than once a month	<input type="checkbox"/>		B
5. Accompany a user to appointments once or twice a month	<input type="checkbox"/>		
6. Accompany a user to appointments 3 to 4 times a month.....	<input type="checkbox"/>		
7. Accompany a user to appointments 5 times or more a month	<input type="checkbox"/>		

Details:



DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITIES



No Intervention

Basic service that allows users to carry out the activity themselves

Descriptors concerned: All

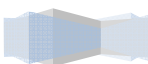
The resource lets user correctly carry out activities related to the descriptor himself.

If user cannot carry out activities safely or without difficulty, someone other than the resource (family member, etc.) will do him on an ongoing basis.

The resource does not intervene when the descriptor does not apply.

Example:

- ❖ User does not have to go up and down stairs safely because he is in wheelchairs.
- ❖ If user have no independent living objective, no intervention is required.
- ❖ User display no self-destructive behavior; the same is true for the integration descriptor



Quick Check with or without Adaptation

Basic service that allows or encourages user to carry out the activity himself

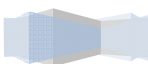
Descriptors concerned: All

The resource partially checks the means user use to carry out the activity correctly. It is confident that user puts his personal resources and those of his support networks to good use. User does what is expected of him. Occasional structuring and minimal call to order.

Or the resource carries out a quick check with adaptation, by which it adjust or modifies the environment (inside or outside the living environment) to meet user's needs.

Examples:

- ❖ Check whether user who is going to do an activity have followed his routine before leaving and are prepared, i.e., he is clean and suitably dressed, his lunch is made, etc.
- ❖ Prepare, place, and arrange all objects and technical aids within user's reach. Or carry out simple actions to help user do activities himself.
- ❖ Assign user a place where they can carry out an activity quietly, safely, and without mess.
- ❖ For user who presents a choking risk or has trouble swallowing, the resource adjusts the texture of solids and the consistency of liquids to help him eat without choking.
- ❖ Place familiar objects in the room, as well as objects to help user get his bearings (time, space, people).
- ❖ Provide light supervision to help user with self reflection after a detox session.



Assist, Ensure, Advise, Structure, Encourage, Promote, Observe, Prevent, Remind/Return, Reassure, Sensitize, Stimulate, supervise, Check

Basic service that encourages or helps user in carrying out the activity himself

Descriptors concerned: all

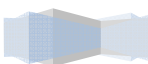
The resource offer descriptor-related activities that provide numerous opportunities to learn or maintain skills. These are basic activities adapted to user's specific characteristics. It can be done individually with users or in the presence of others.

The activities help user develop or maintain a satisfactory level of functioning. When asked by staff to carry out the activities, user does so with little or no resistance

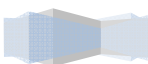
Individualized, flexible service that requires basic support or assistance skills on the part of the resource.

Examples:

- ❖ Structure user to prevent abusive consumption of alcohol or drugs, and excessive gaming or Internet use.
- ❖ Observe and listen to user who finds it hard to do an activity and help him find solutions. Decode user's difficulties when he is unable to express him an appropriate manner. Detect warning signs in order to quickly intervene.
- ❖ Provide the equipment user needs to carry out descriptor-related activities as he becomes necessary.
- ❖ Place and structure user, and remind him of the limits and rules regarding the choice and quantity of items or products he can use and the time available for the activity (eating, hygiene, going to the toilet).
- ❖ Show user how to choose clothing suitable for the temperature and circumstances. Encourage him to wear clothing that is easy to put on and take off (loose pants with elastic waist, shoes with Velcro fasteners, etc.).
- ❖ Help user finish dressing (zippers, buttons, laces).
- ❖ Tell user that it's time to go to a quiet place to calm down and find his own solution to his behavioral problems.



- ❖ Help user look forward to attending a scheduled activity. Redirect user's feelings of fear or wanting to give up. Prevent, stimulate, reassure.
- ❖ Help user takes responsibility for his independent living activities so he maintains his skills. Allow user, even those with poor learning potential, to carry out activities so he keeps busy, feel useful, and has better self-esteem. Encourage child to make his bed and pick up his toys.
- ❖ Make and keep track of appointments for user.



Encourage User to Try Various Activities

Basic service that helps or encourages user in carrying out activities

Descriptor concerned: Conduct (emotions)

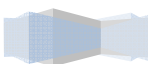
The resource provides descriptor-related activities (conduct [emotions]). The service can be provided at any time of day, and the activities can be done individually with the user or as a group.

The purpose of the service is to keep user in an emotional state that contributes to his well-being. The objective is to stop persistent, anxiety-provoking thoughts and prevent negative emotions.

The service takes into account user's interests and tastes.

Examples:

- ❖ Encourage user to try various types of activities by turning his attention to an activity that is significant and pleasant, or talking about happy memories.
- ❖ Do activities that help user express his emotions.
- ❖ Give user a repetitive task to change his mindset.
- ❖ Do activities that boost user's self-esteem.



Promote socialization

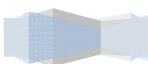
Basic service that helps or encourages user in carrying out an activity

Descriptor concerned: Conduct (relational capacity).

The activities provided by the resource can occur at any time of day. They are general and flexible and can be done individually or as a group. The service is relatively simple and must be flexible to take into account user's interests and tastes.

Examples:

- ❖ Encourage shy user to develop relationships with others.
- ❖ When appropriate, encourage user to take part in recreational activities outside the resource.
- ❖ Introduce user to other people or invite him to introduce himself.
- ❖ Encourage user to become active in the community's social and service organizations.



Be Attentive and Vigilant

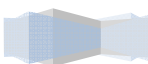
Basic service that accompanies users

Descriptor concerned: Conduct (self-destructive behavior)

The resource is vigilant with user who has demonstrated self-destructive behavior in the past. This involves paying attention and being vigilant rather than taking specific actions.

Example:

- ❖ Be attentive and vigilant with respect to the behaviors of user under supervision to prevent his condition and level of functioning from deteriorating.



Teach

Higher level service that accompanies user in carrying out an activity

With children

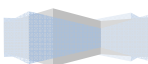
Descriptors concerned: Eating, dressing, hygiene, personal grooming, elimination, mobility (moving around, stairs).

The resource provides learning activities and takes the time required to carry him out. These are regular activities appropriate for the child's age and stage of development. The child is shown how to do the activity through words, gestures, or examples. The child is structured, guided, and reassured. Learning tools may or may not be used.

The objective of the activity is to help the child acquire the information, behaviors, and attitudes he or she needs to develop, and teach the child how to use this information or acquire these behaviors.

Examples:

- ❖ Guide a child who is learning to walk at every step to reduce the fear of falling or getting hurt.
- ❖ Teach a child the skills related to eating, dressing, hygiene, personal grooming, potty training, walking, and going up and down stairs.



Adults and Adolescents

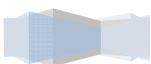
Descriptors concerned: Conduct (impulsiveness, emotions, relationships), integration, independent living

For adults and adolescents, the resource provides learning activities and takes the time necessary to carry them out. The means used are adapted to user characteristics, taking into account the user's stage of development. User may or may not have difficulty with the descriptor (e.g., learning to manage emotions) or may be learning something new. Learning tools may or may not be used.

The objective of the activity is to increase autonomy. The activity should generally yield short- and medium-term results.

Examples:

- ❖ Show adolescents how to carry out their activities, follow a routine, prepare their belongings, honor their commitments, etc.
- ❖ Teach basic social skills.
- ❖ Teach household chores to user who will soon be moving into an apartment.



User presenting a risk or difficulty

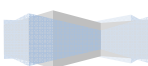
Descriptors concerned: eating, dressing, hygiene, personal grooming, elimination, mobility (moving around), conduct (impulses, emotions, relationships, self-destructive behaviors), integration, and independent living.

The service may involve a certain level of complexity and require special skills. Learning tools may or may not be used.

User present a risk or difficulty related to the descriptor, and the service provided by the resource is aimed at teaching him to overcome or come to terms with these obstacles. Even if user has the potential to learn, results may take some time to materialize.

Examples:

- ❖ Closely structure the dressing sequence of user with a pervasive developmental disorder and remind him of the steps.
- ❖ Use strategies or techniques to resolve incontinence (enuresis or encopresis) problems.
- ❖ Explain to user how to deal with his health restrictions.
- ❖ Use pictograms, emulation pictures, etc.
- ❖ Sensitize user to signs leading to loss of control of him impulses, emotions, or social skills. Show him how to find solutions to his problems, identify his emotions, and act in a socially acceptable manner.



Accompany

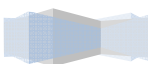
Higher level service that accompanies user

Descriptors concerned: Eating, dressing, personal grooming, elimination, mobility, conduct, integration, independent living, physical problems (exercises and methods recommended by a healthcare professional)

The resource accompany user when it is with the user during a descriptor-related activity, whether inside or outside the resource. When necessary, the resource accompanies user to appointments with he's doctor, professor, employer, and so on. It also accompanies user when user have guests over and require a caregiver to be present throughout the visit.

Examples:

- ❖ Closely watch over user who has a tendency to gulp down he's food to prevent him choking.
- ❖ Stay with user while he bathes to show him which products to use and how in order to prevent mess.
- ❖ Partially assist user who has some trouble moving around.
- ❖ Accompany user to medical, psychosocial, family, school, work, or other appointments, or to outside activities.



Carry Out an Activity, Use a Special Technique

Higher level service that carries out an activity on behalf of the user

Descriptors concerned: mobility, eating, dressing, hygiene (washing and grooming), elimination.

The resource carry out actions that user cannot do himself.

User's situations can vary considerably, but in all cases, user is hardly able or completely unable to accomplish the activity. Either he has not reached that stage in his development (baby) or it is risky or difficult for him to carry out the descriptor-related activity.

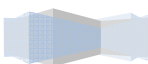
The activity may require special techniques, training, or specialized knowledge (approaches, special skills, helpful attitude, compliance with protocol instructions, and so forth).

Examples of carrying out an activity

- ❖ Transfer a baby or user presenting a risk or difficulty
- ❖ Feed, dress/undress, wash, groom, change a baby or adult diaper

Examples of using a special technique

- ❖ Use a special technique to feed a user who does not accept certain food textures.
- ❖ Massage user's cheeks and jaws so that he opens his mouth.
- ❖ Use a special technique to get user to accept being touched during hygiene care or personal grooming.
- ❖ Comply with instructions in protocols.
- ❖ Use equipment when manipulating user, if required.



Make the Environment Safe

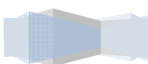
Higher level service that carries out the activity on behalf of the user

Descriptors concerned: Conduct (impulses and self-destructive behavior)

The resource must prevent incidents and accidents. It secures the environment of user who is presenting serious conduct-related problems (impulses, self-destructive behavior).

Example:

- ❖ Remove objects that could injure the user or others or cause serious damage to the living environment.



Initiate

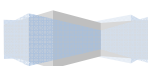
Higher level service that helps user or carries out the activity on behalf of the user

Descriptors concerned: eating, dressing, hygiene, personal grooming

The resource initiates an action to get user to carry out an entire activity by himself.

Examples:

- ❖ Present a spoon and put it in user's hand
- ❖ Lift an arm to encourage user to put on a jacket; show user their pants, etc.



Physical Problems (various)

Basic service that allows or encourages user to carry out the activity himself.

The resource distributes medication:

The resource simply distributes medication to user who is able to take the medication himself. User is aware of what he is taking and why he is taking it.

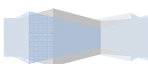
Higher level service that accompanies users or carries out the activity on behalf of the user

The resource carries out noninvasive daily living activities:

The resource carry out activities that user cannot do himself. This is care that does not go beyond physiological barriers or risk harming user.

Examples:

- ❖ Put on compression stockings.
- ❖ Apply a transparent adhesive film.
- ❖ Apply a dry bandage.
- ❖ Empty a urine collection bag.
- ❖ Put on a urinary condom.
- ❖ Measure capillary blood glucose
- ❖ Take blood pressure (pre-post medication, structuring).



The resource administers prescribed medication:

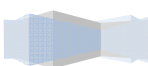
The resource administers medication to user who is unable to do so himself, particularly due to a physical or behavioral disability or a cognitive deficiency. The service involves a certain level of control and help with taking the medication.

The resource administers medication requiring structuring:

Structuring is necessary to ensure that user has actually taken the medication. The resource is asked to make observations and submit them to designated individuals. Structuring the side effects of the medication may be required.

Examples:

- ❖ Watch user to make sure he does not hide or spit out the medication.
- ❖ Provide a clear report on the administration of the medication or its effects to a doctor, nurse, or other health professional.

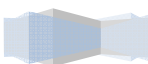


The resource helps user who is at risk or has difficulty doing exercises or using methods recommended by a healthcare professional:

The resource helps user do exercises or a use method recommended by a healthcare professional or carries out these actions on user's behalf. It ensures that recommendations are followed correctly.

Examples:

- ❖ Do daily stretching exercises with spastic users
- ❖ Do exercises recommended by a physiatrist or occupational therapist
- ❖ Teach sign language
- ❖ Do stimulation exercises
- ❖ Teach Braille
- ❖ Follow a nutritionist's advice (special diet, liquid diet, weight loss diet, etc.).
- ❖ Do clapping exercises



Providing Invasive Care

Higher level service that carries out the activity on behalf of the user

The resource provides invasive care when it uses care or exploration methods that go beyond physiological barriers or into an artificial opening in the human body, or cause a more than a superficial lesion on the body.

These services always require prior training.

Examples:

Eating:

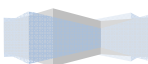
- ❖ Force feeding users with a feeding tube (including through an artificial opening)
- ❖ Irrigation of a feeding tube

Elimination:

- ❖ Stimulation of anal reflex (rectal touch)
- ❖ Rectal cleaning
- ❖ Pushing rectal muquosa inside anal margin
- ❖ Colostomy collection appliance: empty and clean bag (including changing the collar).
- ❖ Intermittent bladder catheterization
- ❖ Open bladder irrigation with an injection syringe
- ❖ Urinary stoma collection devices: empty and clean collection bag, change collection device
- ❖ Maintenance of permanent bladder drainage system (change urine bag)

Breathing:

- ❖ Administer oxygen with a mask or nasal prongs.



Controlling

Higher level service that carries out the activity on behalf of the user

Descriptors concerned: eating, conduct (impulses, emotions, relationships, self-destructive behavior), integration.

The resource intervenes with user in difficulty or at risk with respect to the descriptor. It takes decisive action to stop or provoke a user behavior.

User's actions can have serious consequences for him or others. These situations generally cause a great deal of stress and seriously disturb the user and his environment.

Control measures must be used rarely and when all other means prove inadequate. They are effective, firm, fair, neutral, and applied in a manner that is appropriate for the user. They must be backed up by a case management plan and comply with the institution's control measures policy.

Examples:

- ❖ Take decisive action so that user with health problems follows his diet.
- ❖ Require user with self-destructive behaviors to wear equipment that protects him and prevents him from injuring himself (helmet, gloves, etc.).
- ❖ Take decisive action to stop an actual or anticipated crisis if a user loses control.
- ❖ Stop a user's behavior.
- ❖ Take decisive action to make a user carry out a task.
- ❖ Put user in a quiet place with some sensory stimulation and structure him.
- ❖ Structure user showing self-destructive behavior.
- ❖ Provide transportation to ensure user attendance at school, work, or other activities.
- ❖ Make user obey and remain in the same room as an authority figure for a given period of time.

